

NAME

aprx – A receive-only APRS iGate application, **UNDER WORK**

SYNOPSIS

```
aprx [-d[-d]] [-e] [-v] [-l syslogfacility] [-f /etc/aprx.conf]
```

DESCRIPTION

aprx is a *receive-only* APRS iGate application with minimum system support technology requirements.

- Can listen KISS-TNCs on ordinary serial ports (real ones, or USB ones, all work as long as they respond to normal UNIX serial port ioctl(s.)) Maximum number of separate serial ports used for radio modem communication is 16, limit is easy to increase in source code.
- On Linux machine with kernel internal AX.25 protocol support, does want to listen on it with promiscuous mode, and in order to use that, must be started as *root* user. The AX.25 socket listening is *not* configurable, it is always on in Linux systems.
- Does not require machine to have AX.25 protocol support internally! (Thus this works also on e.g. BSD machines without PF_AX25 sockets.)
- Does not require machine to have any other software in it, than things in libc. In particular no special AX.25 libraries at all, nor widgets or even C++ runtime.
- Connects with one callsign-ssid pair to APRS-IS core for all received radio ports.
- Knows that messages with following tokens in AX.25 VIA fields are not to be relayed into APRS-IS network:
RFONLY, NOTAGE, TCPIP, TCPXX
- Knows that following source address prefixes are bogus and thus messages with them are to be junked:
WIDE, RELAY, TRACE, TCPIP, TCPXX, NOCALL, N0CALL
- Drops all *query* messages ("?"), as well as all 3rd party messages ("}").
- Has built-in "Erlang monitor" mechanism, that logs to syslog a interface specific channel occupancy. Optionally can log to STDOUT and/or to syslog.

OPTIONS

The **aprx** has following runtime options:

- d** Turn on verbose debugging, outputs data to STDOUT.
- dd** the "more debug" mode shows also details of network interaction with the APRS-IS network service.
- e** *Erlang output* prints 10 minute and 60 minute traffic accumulation byte counts, and guesimates on channel occupancy, alias "Erlang". These outputs are sent to STDOUT, which system operator may choose to log elsewhere. This is independent if the "-l" option below.
- l logfacilityname**
 Defines syslog(3) facility code used by the erlang reporter by defining its name. Default value is: **LOG_DAEMON**, and accepted values are: **LOG_DAEMON**, **LOG_FTP**, **LOG_LPR**, **LOG_MAIL**, **LOG_NEWS**, **LOG_USER**, **LOG_UUCP**, **LOG_LOCAL0**, **LOG_LOCAL1**, **LOG_LOCAL2**, **LOG_LOCAL3**, **LOG_LOCAL4**, **LOG_LOCAL5**, **LOG_LOCAL6**, **LOG_LOCAL7**. That list is subject to actual facility code set in the system, and in any case if you specify a code that is not known, then the program will complain during the startup, and report it. This is independent of the "-e" option above.
- v** Verbose logging of received traffic to STDOUT. Lines begin with reception timestamp (UNIX time_t seconds), then TAB, and either data as is, or with prefix byte: "*" for "discarded due to data content", or possibly "#" for "discarded due to APRS-IS being unreachable".

-f /etc/aprx.conf

Configuration file, given path is built-in default, and can be overridden by the program runner.

Use parameter set **-ddv** to test new configuration by running it synchronously to console.

CONFIGURATION FILE

The configuration file is used to setup the program to do its job. Some configurations can be done without the file, namely a channel *Erlang monitor* siphoning APRS packets off the Linux kernel AX.25 network stack.

On the configuration file, following additional notes

- Most parameters are singletons, that is, there can be only one.
- There can be up to (by default) 16 entries of "serialport".
- There can be unlimited number of "netbeacon" lines.

The configuration file is read upon program start, ever latter.

```
#
# Sample configuration file for the APRX -- an Rx-only APRS iGate
#
#
# The mycall parameter:
# Station call-id used for relaying APRS frames into APRS-IS.
#
#mycall          NOCALL-1
#
# APRS-IS server name and portnumber.
# Every reconnect does happen synchronous,
# and does re-resolve the name to IP address.
#
#aprsis-server   rotate.aprs.net  14580
#
# Some APRS-IS servers tell every about 20 seconds
# to all contact ports that they are there and alive.
# Others are just silent. Enable only if the server
# you use does present heartbeat. Recommended value
# 3*"heartbeat" + some -> 120 (seconds)
#
#aprsis-heartbeat-timeout  120
#
# The serialport option. Parameters are:
# - /dev/ttyUSB1    -- tty device
# - 19200           -- baud rate, supported ones are: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200
# - 8n1            -- 8-bits, no parity, one stop-bit, no other supported modes
# - KISS           -- KISS mode
# - kissopts..    -- optional KISS parameters: SMACK (CRC16), BPQCRC (XOR-sum)
#
# There can be up to 16 serialport definitions in this file!
#
#serialport      /dev/ttyUSB1  19200 8n1    KISS
#
# initstring is TODO for latter -- serial port init strings..
#initstring ...
```

```

# The netbeacon option.
# Parameter string (in quotes) is sent to network (without quotes)
# at varying intervals -- 1200-1800 seconds in between retransmits.
# This interval is intentionally randomized.
#
# There can be multiple netbeacon options.
# Symbol R& is for "rx-only iGate"
#
#netbeacon "!6016.35NR02506.36E&aprx Rx-only 'iGate'"

```

TODO

Lots and lots.. To begin with, see the *TODO* file

- Understand several KISS protocol variants on serial port
- Understand TNC2 debug style texts on serial port
- Possibly grow to fully fledged Rx/Tx iGate
- Log via syslog() ? (the ERLANG stuff does, but other ?)
- SNMP/HTTP poll responder

BUGS

- Incompleteness
- Many monitor mechanisms are of rudimentary quality

SEE ALSO

Couple web sites: <http://www.aprs-is.net/>, <http://www.aprs2.net/>

NOTES

Initially this program had name *aprs-g*, which was same as another (less low-tech C++ approach) had.

AUTHOR

This little piece was written by *Matti Aarnio*, *OH2MQK* during a dark and rainy fall and winter of 2007–2008 after a number of discussions grumbling about current breed of available software for APRS iGate use in Linux (or of any UNIX) platforms.

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